Form 668

(Rev. December 1982)

Department of the Treasury - Internal Revenue Service

Notice of Federal Tax Lien Under Internal Revenue Laws

District		Corlot Number			
		Serial Number	Serial Number		For Optional Use by Recording Office
San Francisco			9401-17-83-450		
that taxes (including taxpayer. Demand Therefore, there is:	g interest and penal for payment of the a lien in favor of the xpayer for the amo	nd 6323 of the Internal Reve ties) have been assessed ag ils liability has been made e United States on all prope unt of these taxes, and add	ainst the following	named unpaid. roperty	
Name of taxpayer Ronald E. L	ipori				
Residence 3412 Mendoc: Santa Rosa,					
IMPORTANT RELEASE of lien is refiled by the operate as a certificate	date given in colur	Vith respect to each assessment (e), this notice shall, on ed in IRC 6325 (a).	nent list below, unlo the day following s	ess notice such date,	
Kind of Tax (a)	Tax Period Ended (b)	Identifying Number	Date of Assessment (d)	Last Day for Refiling (e)	Unpaid Balance of Assessment (f)
1040/30	12-31-81	-5551	11-22-82	12-22-88	913.51
Place of filing					
1 7	glas County,	Nevada		Total \$	913.51
his notice was prepared. he25th_day_of	and signed at	Santa Rosa, Califo	ornia	Particular and Angles on the Spirite State of Spirite Spirite State of Spirite Spirite Spirite State of Spirite	on this,
		4 I V	:		
Signature			Title		

Part 1 — To be kept by recording office

Excerpts From Internal Revenue Code Sec. 6321. Lien For Taxes.

If any person liable to pay any tax neglects or refuses to pay the same after demand, the amount (including any interest, additional amount, addition to tax, or assessable penalty, together with any costs that may accrue in addition thereto) shall be a lien in layor of the United States upon all property and rights to property, whether real or personal, belonging to

Sec. 6322. Period Of Lien.

such person.

Unless another date is specifically fixed by law, the lien imposed by section 6321 shall arise at the time the assessment is made and shall continue until the liability for the amount so assessed (or a judgment against the taxpayer arising out of such liability) is satisfied or becomes unenforceable by reason of tasse of time.

Sec. 6323. Validity and Priority Against Certain Persons.

- (a) Purchasers, Holders Of Security Interests, Mechanic's Lienors, And Judgment Lien Creditors,—The len imposed by section 6321 shall not be valid as against any purchaser, holder of a security interest, mechanic's lienor, or judgment lien creditor until notice thereof which meets the requirements of subsection (I) has been filed by the Secretary.
- (b) Protection For Certain Interests Even Though Notice Filed.—Even though notice of a lien imposed by section 6321 has been filed, such lien shall not be valid—

(1) Place For Filing Motice: Form.—

(1) Place For Filing.—The notice referred to in subsection (a) shall be filed.—

(A) Under State Laws .-

(i) Real Property.—In the case of real property, in one office within the State (or the county, or other governmental subdivision), as designated by the laws of such State, in which the property subject to the lien is situated; and

(ii) Personal Property.—In the case of personal property, whether tangible or intangible, in one office within the State (or the county, or other governmental subdivision), as designated by the laws of such State, in which the property subject to the lien is situated; or

(B) With Clerk Of District Court.—In the office of the clerk of the United States district court for the judicial district in which the property subject to lien is situated, whenever the State has not by law designated one office which meets the requirements of subparagraph (A); or (C) With Recorder 01 Deeds 01 The District of Columbla.—In the office of the Recorder of Deeds of the District of Columbia, if the property subject to the lien is situated in the District of Columbia.

(2) Situs Of Property Subject To Lien.—For purposes of paragraphs (1) and (4), property shall be deemed to be situated—

(A) Real Property.—In the case of real property, at its physical location; or

(B) Personal Property.—In the case of personal property, whether tangible or intangible, at the residence of the taxpayer at the time the notice of lien is filled. For purposes of paragraph (2)(B), the residence of a corporation or partnership shall be deemed to be the place at which the principal executive office of the business is located, and the residence of a taxpayer whose residence is without the United States shall be deemed to be in the District of Columbia.

(3) Form.—The form and content of the notice referred to in subsection (a) shall be prescribed by the Secretary. Such notice shall be valid notwithstanding any other provision of law regarding the form or content of a notice of lien.

(g) Refiling Of Natice.—For purpose of this section—

(1) General Rule.—Unless notice of lien is reflied in the manner prescribed in paragraph (2) during the required refiling period, such notice of lien shall be treated as filed on the date on which it is filed (in accordance with subsection (1)) after the expiration of such refling period.

(2) Place For Filling.—A notice of lien refiled during the required refiling period shall be effective only— (A) If such notice of lien is refiled in the office in which the

prior notice of lien was filed; and

(B) In any case in which 90 days or more prior to the date of a refling of notice of lien under subparagraph (A), the Secretary received written information (in the manner prescribed in regulations issued by the Secretary) concerning a change in the taxpayer's residence, if a notice of such lien is also filed in accordance with subsection (I) in the State in which such residence is located.

(3) Required Refilling Period.—In the case of any notice of lien, the term "required reliting period" means—

(A) the one-year period ending 30 days after the expiration of 6 years after the date of the assessment of the tax, and

(B) the one-year period ending with the expiration of 6 years after the close of the preceding required refiling period for such notice of lien.

Sec. 6325. Release Of Lien Or Discharge Of Property.

(a) Release Of Lien.—Subject to such regulations as the Secretary may prescribe, the Secretary shall issue a certificate of release of any lien imposed with respect to any internal revenue tax not later than 30 days after the day on which—

(1) Liability Satisfied or Unenforceable.—The Secretary finds that the liability for the amount assessed, together with all interest in respect thereof, has been fully satisfied or has become legally unenforceable; or

(2) Bond Accepted.—There is furnished to the Secretary and accepted by him a bond that is conditioned upon the payment of the amount assessed, together with all interest in respect thereof, within the time prescribed by law (including any extension of such time), and that is in accordance with such requirements relating to terms, conditions, and form of the bond and sureties thereon, as may be specified by such regulations.

Sec. 6103. Confidentiality and disclosure of returns and return information.

(k) Disclosure of Certain Returns and Return Information For Tax Administration Purposes.—

(2) Disclosure of amount of outstanding lien.—If a notice of lien has been filed pursuant to section 6323(f), the amount of the outstanding obligation secured by such lien may be disclosed to any person who furnishes salisfactory written evidence that he has a right in the property subject to such lien or intends to obtain a right in such property.

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SUZANNE BEAUDREAU
RECORDER

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