Department of the Treasury - Internal Revenue Service

lev. Sept. 1983)		ue Laws					
strict	Serial Number			For Optional Use by Recording Office			
RENO, NEV	ADA		A-1023	;			
that taxes (includir taxpayer.: Demand Therefore, there is	ng interest and penal for payment of the a lien in favor of the axpayer for the amo	nd 6323 of the Internal Revolties) have been assessed against liability has been made United States on all proports of these taxes, and add	painst the following e, but it remains o erty and rights to p	named unpaid. roperty			
ne of taxpayer			<del></del>	·			
	ANDREW F.	STEELE, III			$\wedge$		
sidence	P. O. Box 11692 Zephyr Cove, Nevada 89448						
elow, unless not hall, on the day ned in IRC 6325 (  Kind of Tax (e)	tax Period Ended (b)	rion—With respect to ed by the date given in date, operate as a cert  Identifying Number (c)	Date of Assessment	Last Day for Refiling	Unpaid Balance of Assessment		
1040	12-31-79	-2004	05-26-80 12-07-81	05-25-86 01-06-88	1,242.51		
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This notice was prepared and signed at _	Reno. Nevada	RETURN TO	, , on this,
		ASSOCIATE PROGRESS OF PHONES OF	
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Signature E. Goltz Title

Chief, COf

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Let Viote: Certificate of officer anthorized by law to take acknowledgements is not essential to the validity of Notice of Federal Tax Lien Rev. Rul. 71-466, 1971-2 C.B. 409.)

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Part 1 – To be kept by recording office

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#### **Excerpts From Internal Revenue Code**

## Sec. 6321. Lien For Taxes.

If any person liable to pay any tax neglects or refuses to pay the same after demand, the amount (including any interest, additional amount, addition to tax, or assessable penalty, together with any costs that may accrue in addition thereto) shall be a lien in layor of the United States upon all property, and rights to property, whether real or personal, belonging to such person.

### Sec. 6322. Period Of Lien.

Unless another date is specifically fixed by law, the lien imposed by section 6321 shall arise at the time the assessment is made and shall continue until the liability for the amount so assessed (or a judgment against the taxpayer arising out of such liability) is satisfied or becomes unenforceable by reason of lapse of time.

# Sec. 6323. Validity and Priority Against Certain Persons.

- (a) Purchasers, Helders Of Security Interests, Mechanic's Lieners, And Judgment Lien Creditors.—The lien imposed by section 6321 shall not be valid as against any purchaser, holder of a security interest, mechanic's kenor, or judgment lien creditor until notice thereof which meets the requirements of subsection (I) has been filed by the Secretary
- (b) Protection For Cortain Interests Even Though Notice Filed, - Even though notice of a lien imposed by section 6321 has been filed, such lien shall not be valid-
- (I) Place For Filing Notice: Form.-(1) Place For Fring.—The notice referred to in subsection (a) shall be filed-
  - (A) Under State Laws --
  - (i) Real Property, -in the case of real property, in one office within the State (or the county, or other governmental subdivision), as designated by the laws of such State, in which the property subject to the lien is shulled; and
  - (ii) Personal Property in the case of personal property, whether langible or intangible, in one office within the State for the county, or other governmental subdivision), as designated by the laws of such State, in which the property subject to the lien is situated; or
- BI With Clark Of Distinct Court, in the office of the clark of the United States distinct court for the judical distinct on which the property subject to the light is saturated whenever the State has not by key designated one office, office, official the requirements of subparagraph (v); or

- (C) With Recorder Of Doods Of The District of Columbia.—In the effice of the Recorder of Deeds of the District of Columbia, if the property subject to the lien is situated in the District of Columbia.
- (2) Situs Of Property Subject To Lien. For purposes of paragraphs (1) and (4), properly shall be deemed to be
- (A) Real Property. In the case of real property, at its physical location; or
- (B) Personal Property In the case of personal property, whether tangible or intangible, at the residence of the tarpover at the time the notice of lien is filed. For purposes of paragraph (2)(B), the residence of a corporation or partnership shall be deemed to be the place at which the principal executive office of the business is located. and the residence of a taxpayer whose residence is without the United States shall be deemed to be in the District of Columbia
- (3) Form -The form and content of the notice referred to in subsection (a) shall be prescribed by the Secretary Such notice shall be valid notwithstanding any other provision of law regarding the form or content of a notice of lien.
- (g) Retting Of Notice,—For purpose of this section—
- (1) Coneral Rule, -- Unless notice of tien is refiled in the manner prescribed in paragraph (2) during the required reliting period, such notice of lien shall be treated as filed on the date on which it is filed (in accordance with
- subsection (i)) after the expiration of such refiling period.

  (2) Mace For Filing.—A notice of lien refiled during the required refiling period shall be effective only— Mil
- (4) if such notice of fen is relifed in the office in which the prior notice of ken was filed, and (i) in the case of real property, the fact of religing is entered and recorded in an index to the extent required by subsection (I) (4), and
- (B) In any case in which 90 days or more prior to the date of a retiting of notice of lien under subparagraph (A). the Secretary received written information (in the manner prescribed in regulations issued by the Secretary) concerning a change in the taxpayer's residence, if a notice of such Hen is also filed in accordance with subsection (1) in the State in which such residence is located.

- (3) Required Reflling Period.—In the case of any tice of ligh, the term 'trequired reliting period' means— (A) the one-year period ending 30 days after the
- expiration of 6 years after the date of the assessment of the tax, and
- (B) the one-year period ending with the expiration of 6 years after the close of the preceding required retilling period for such notice of lien,

## Sec. 6325. Release Of Lien: Or Discharge Of Property.

- (a) Noisese Of Lien.—Subject to such regulations as the Secretary may prescribe, the Secretary shall issue a certificate of release of any lien imposed with respect to any internal revenue tax not later than 30 days after the day on which-
- (1) Liability Satisfied or Unenforceable The Secretary finds that the liability for the amount assessed, together with all interest in respect thereof, has been fully satisfied or has become legally unenforceable, or
- (2) Bond Accepted.—There is furnished to the Secretary and accepted by him a bond that is conditioned upon the payment of the amount assessed, together with all interest in respect thereof, within the time prescribed by law (including any extension of such time), and that is in accordance with such requirements relating to terms, conditions, and form of the bond and sureties thereon, as may be specified by such regulations.
- Sec. 6103. Confidentiality and disclosure of returns and return information.
- (k) Disclosure of Cortain Returns and Return Information For Tax Administration
- (2) Disclosure of amount of outstanding lien If a notice of lien has been filed pursuant to section 6323(f), the amount of the outstanding obligation secured by such lien may be disclosed to any person who furnishes satisfactory written evidence that he has a right in the properly subject to such lien or intends to obtain a right in such property

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