Form 668(Y)

Signature

Department of the Treasury - Internal Revenue Service

(Rev. March 1984)	Notic	e of Federal Ta	x Lien Und	der Internal	Revenue Laws	
District	1	Serial Number			For Optional Use by Recording Office	
	S VEGAS	8	5022585 00	00		
notice is given assessed again this liability has in favor of the l to this taxpays	n that taxes (ii nst the followin s been made, bu Inited States on	6322, and 6323 of the noiuding interest and g-named taxpayer. Dut it remains unpaid. It is property and right int of these taxes, arecrue.	i penalties) have emand for pay Therefore, there ta to property be	ment of ls a lien		
Name of Taxpaye	r IAN A	, CARAH				
Residence		BOX 11583 R COVE NV 894	148			
notice of lien is re	efiled by the date of	ON: With respect to each as ven in column (e), this noti release as defined in IRC 6	ce shall, on the day	ow,unless following		
Kind of Tax	Tax Period Ended (b)	identifying Number	Date of Assessment (d)	Lest Day for Refiling	Unpaid Balance of Assessment (/)	
1040 1040	12/31/81 12/31/82	2372 2372	07/15/85 09/02/85	08/14/91 10/02/91	4142.41 6991.82	
Place of Filing		300 LAS	L REVENUE SERV VECAS BLVD. S	<u> </u>		
	las County	LAS VEG FIELD SE	AS, NEVADA 8910 RVICE GROUP - L den + Nevad:	JI LIENS Total	\$ 11134.23	
This notice was p	"มูลฟูฟู	ec at	VEGAS, NE	VADA	, on this.	

(NOTE: Certificate of officer authorized by law to take acknowledgments is not essential to the validity of Notice of Federal Tax Ilen Rev. Rul. 71-466, 1971 - 2 C.B. 409)

Title

REVENUE OFFICER

## Excerpts From Internal Revenue Code

Sec. 6321. Lien For Taxes.

If any person liable to pay any tax neglects or refuses to pay the same after demand, the amount (including any interest, additional amount, addition to tax, or assessable penalty. together with any costs that may accrue in addition thereto) shall be a lien in favor of the United States upon all property and rights to property, whether real or personal, belonging to such person

## Sec. 6322. Period Of Lien.

Unless another date is specifically fixed by law, the lien imposed by section 6321 shall arise at the time the assessment is made and shall continue until the liability for the amount so assessed for a judgment against the taxpayer arising out of such trability) is satisfied or becomes unenforceable by reason of lapse of time

## Sec. 6323. Validity and Priority Against Certain Persons.

- (a) Purchaser's, Holders Of Security Interests. Mechanic's Lienors. And Judgment Lian Craditors. — The lien imposed by section 6321 shall not be valid as against any purchaser, holder of a security interest, mechanic's lienor, or judgment lien creditor until notice thereof which meets the requirements of subsection (1) has been filed by the Secretary
- (b) Protection For Certain Interests Even Though Hotice Filed. - Even though natice of a tien imposed by section 6321 has been filed, such lien, shall not be valid .

## in Place For Filing Notice; Form. --

(3) Place for Filing - The notice referred to in subsection (a) shall be filed -

(A) Under State Laws

(i) Real Property - In the case of real property, in one office within the State (or the county or other governmental subdivision), as designated by the laws of such State, in which the property subject to the lien is situated, and

(ii) Personal Property - In the case of personal property, whether tangible or intangible, in one office within the State for the county, or other governmental subdivision), as designated by the laws of such State, in which the property subject to the lien is situated,

(B) With Clerk Of District Court - In the office of the clerk of the United States district court for the judicial district in which the property subject to lien is situated, whenever the State has not by law designated one office which meets the requirements of subparagraph (A), or

(C) With Recorder Of Deeds Of The District Of Columbia -In the office of the Recorder of Deeds of the District of Columbia, if the property subject to the lien is situated in the District of Columbia

(2) Situs Of Property Subject To Lien - For purposes of paragraphs (1) and (4), property shall be deemed to be situated -(A) Real Property - In the case of real property, at its physical location, or

(B) Personal Property - In the case of personal property. whether tangible or intangible at the residence of the taxpayer at the time the notice of lien is filed

For purposes of paragraph (2) (B), the residence of a corporation or partnership shall be deemed to be the place at which the principal executive office of the business is located, and the residence of a taxpayer whose residence is without the United States shall be deemed to be in the District of Columbia

(3) Form . The form and content of the notice referred to in subsection (a) shall be prescribed by the Secretary Such notice shall be valid notwithstanding any other provision of law regarding the form or content of a notice of lien

- (g) Refilling Of Notice. For purposes of this section .
- (1) General Rule. Unless notice of tien is refiled in the manner prescribed in paragraph (2) during the required retiling period, such notice of lien shall be treated as filed on the date on which it is filedlin accordance with subsection (fil after the expiration of such refiling period
- (2) Place For Filing. A notice of tien refiled during the required reliling period shall be effective only -(A) if -

(i) such natice of ken is refiled in the office in which the prior notice of fien was filed, and

(ii) in the case of real property, the fact of refiling is entered and recorded in an index to the extent required by subsection (f) (4), and

(B) in any case in which, 90 days or more prior to the date IN Co of a refiling of notice of lien under subparagraph (A), the Secretary received written information (in the manner prescribed in regulations issued by the Secretary) concerning a change in the taxpayer's residence, if a polici of such lien is also filed in accordance with subsection the the State in which such residence is located

(3) Required Refiling Period. — in the case of any notice of lien, the term "required refiling period" means-(A) the one-year period ending 30 days after the expiration of 6 years after the date of the assessment of the tax, and (B) the one-year period ending with the expiration of 6 years after the close of the preceding required ratiling period for such notice of lien

Release Of Lien Or Sec. 6325. Discharge Of Property.

(a) Release Of Lien. - Subject to such regulations as the Secretary may prescribe, the Secretary shall issue a certificate of release of any tien imposed with respect to any internal revenue tax not later than 30 days after the day on which .

(1) Liability Satisfied or Unenforceable - The Secretary finds that the liability for the amount assessed, together with all interest in respect thereof, has been fully satisfied or has

become legally unenforceable, or

(2) Bond Accepted . There is furnished to the Secretary and accepted by him a bond that is conditioned upon the payment of the amount assessed, together with all interest in respect thereof within the time prescribed by law (including any extension of such time), and that is in accordance with such requirements relating to terms, conditions, and form of the bond and sureties thereon, as may be specified by such regulations.

Sec. 6103. Confidentiality and Disclosure of Returns and Return Information.

(k) Disclosure of Certain Returns and Return Information For Tax Administration Purposes. -

(2) Disclosure of amount of outstanding lien. If a notice of fien has been filed pursuant to section 6323(1), the amount of the outstanding obligation secured by such lien may be disclosed to any person who furnishes satisfactory written evidence that he has a right in the property subject to such lien or intends to obtain a right in such property

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