Form 668(Y)

(Rev. March 1984)	Noti	ce of Federal T	ax Lien Un	ider Interna	il Revenue Laws		
District		Serial Numbe	or	<i>F</i>	or Optional Use by Recording Off	160	
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notice is give assessed aga this liability he in favor of the to this taxpay interest, and of	en that taxes inst the follow as been made, United States over for the among the costs that may a		d penalties) ha Demand for pa Therefore, there Its to property b	ave been yment of e is a lien pelonging			
Name of Taxpay	ver TERRY	L SCHNEIDER	·				
Residence		KAY;NE DRIVE N NV 89423				į.	
notice of lien is	refiled by the date	FION: With respect to each a given in column (e), this not of release as defined in IRC	ice shall, on the da	elow,unless y following			
Kind of Tax	Tax Period Ended (b)	Identifying Number	Date of Assessment	Last Day for Refiling (e)	Unpaid Balance of Assessment (/)		
1040	12/31783	530-28-3619	03/18/85	04/17/91	931.67		
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		RETURN TO: INTERNAL RE	VENUE SERVICE				
Place of Filing Doval	as County	LAS VEGAS, I SPECIAL PRO	AS BLVD. SO. NV 89101 CEDURES FUNCTIO Len, Nevada		\$ 931.67	٠	
7 2703.		//					
This notice was	prepared and sig	ned at LAS	VEGAS, NEV	/ADA	, o	n this,	
the O7 day	Sti WAPR-	1986				ä	
Signature	B. CARE	EY .	Title REVE	REVENUE OFFICER BOOK 486 PAGE 833			
(NOTE:,Co/	iffcate-of officer aut	horized by law to take acknow	viedgments is not ess	ential to the validity of			

Rev. Rui 1466, 1971 - 2 C.B. 409)

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Part 1 - Kept By Recording Office

Form 668(Y) (Rev. 3-84)

Excerpts From Internal Revenue Code

Sec. 6321. Lien For Taxes.

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If any person liable to pay any tax neglects or refuses to pay the same after demand, the amount (including any interest, additional amount, addition to tax, or assessable penalty, together with any costs that may accrue in addition thereto) shall be a lien in favor of the United States upon all property and rights to property, whether real or personal, belonging to such person.

Sec. 6322. Period Of Lien.

Unless another date is specifically fixed by law, the lien imposed by section 6321 shall arise at the time the assessment is made and shall continue until the liability for the amount so assessed (or a judgment against the taxpayer arising out of such liability) is satisfied or becomes unenforceable by reason of lapse of time

Sec. 6323. Validity and Priority Against Certain Persons.

- (a) Purchaser's, Holders Of Security Interests, Mechanic's Lienors, And Judgment Lien Creditors. The lien imposed by section 5321 shall not be valid as against any purchaser, holder of a security interest, mechanic's lienor, or judgment lien creditor until notice thereof which meets the requirements of subsection (f) has been filled by the Secretary.
- (b) Protection For Certain Interests Even Though Motice Filed. Even though notice of a lien imposed by section 6321 has been filed, such lien shall not be valid.

(1) Place For Filing Notice; Form. -

- (1) Place For Filing. The notice referred to in subsection (a) shall be filed -
 - (A) Under State Laws.
 - (i) Real Property. In the case of real property, in one office within the State (or the county, or other governmental subdivision), as designated by the laws of such State, in which the property subject to the lien is situated; and
 - (ii) Personal Property In the case of personal property, whether tangiole or intangible, in one office within the State (or the county, or other governmental subdivision), as designated by the laws of such State, in which the property subject to the lien is situated.

(B).With Clerk Of District Court - In the office of the clerk of the United States district court for the judicial district in which the property subject to lien is situated, whenever the State has not by law designated one office which meets the requirements of

subparagraph (A), or

- (C) With Recorder Of Deeds Of The District Of Columbia. -In the office of the Recorder of Deeds of the District of Columbia, if the property subject to the lien is situated in the District of Columbia.
- (2) Situs Of Property Subject To Lien. For purposes, of paragraphs (1) and (4), property shall be deemed to be situated-(A) Real Property. In the case of real property, at its

physical location; or

(B) Personal Property. - In the case of personal property,
whether tangible or intangible, at the residence of the
taxoaver at the time the notice of lien is fried.

For purposes of paragraph (2) (8), the residence of a corporation or partnership shall be deemed to be the place at which the principal executive office of the business is located, and the residence of a taxpayer whose residence is without the United States shall be deemed to be in the District of Columbia.

(3) Form - The form and content of the notice referred to in subsection (a) shall be prescribed by the Secretary. Such notice shall be valid notwithstanding any other provision of law regarding the form or content of a notice of lien

- (g) Refilling Of Notice. For purposes of this
- (1) General Rule, Unless notice of lien is refuled in the manner prescribed in paragraph (2) during the required refiling period, such notice of lien shall be treated as filed on the date on which it is filed in accordance with subsection (1)) after the expiration of such refiling period
- (2) Place For Filing. A notice of lien refiled during the required refiling period shall be effective only (A) if
 - (i) such natice of lien is refiled in the office in which the prior notice of lien was filed, and
 - (ii) in the case of real property, the fact of refiling is entered and recorded in an index to the extent required by subsection (f) (4); and

(B) in any case in which, 90 days or more prior to the date of a refilling of notice of lien under subparagraph (A), the Secretary received written information (in the manner prescribed in regulations issued by the Secretary) concerning a change in the taxpayer's residence, if a notice of such lien is also filed in accordance with subsection (f) in the State in which such residence is located

(3) Required Reilling Period. — In the case of any notice of lien, the term "required refilling period" means(A) the one-year period ending 30 days after the expiration of 6 years after the date of the assessment of the tax, and (B) the one-year period ending with the expiration of 6 years after the close of the preceding required refiling period for such notice of lien.

Sec. 6325. Release Of Lien Or Discharge Of Property.

- (a) Release Of Lien. Subject to such regulations as the Secretary may prescribe, the Secretary shall issue a certificate of release of any lien imposed with respect to any internal revenue tax not later than 30 days after the day on which.
- (1) Liability Satisfied or Unenforceable. The Secretary finds that the liability for the amount assessed, together with all interest in respect thereof, has been fully satisfied or has become legally unenforceable; or
- (2) Bond Accepted. There is furnished to the Secretary and accepted by him a bond that is conditioned upon the payment of the amount assessed, together with all interest in respect thereof, within the time prescribed by law (including an extension of such time), and that is in accordance with such requirements relating to terms, conditions, and form of the bond and sureties thereon, as may be specified by such regulations.
- Sec. 6103. Confidentiality and Disclosure of Returns and Return Information.
- (k) Disclosure of Certain Returns and Return Information For Tax Administration Purposes. —
- (2) Disclosure of amount of outstanding lien. If a notice of lien has been filed pursuant to section 6323(f), the amount of the outstanding obligation secured by such lien may be disclosed to any person who furnishes satisfactory written evidence that he has a right in the property subject to such lien or intends to obtain a right in such property.

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