Form 668(Y)

Department of the Treasury - Internal Revenue Service

(Rev. March 1984)	Noti	ce of f	ederal 7	Tax Lien	Under	Internal	Revenue Laws	
District			Serial Numb	oer		For	For Optional Use by Recording Office	
LAS VEGAS			86005504 1701					
notice is given assessed againg this liability he in favor of the to this taxpay	by sections 6321 en that taxes (inst the following the seen made, United States of the amore than the seen may a costs that may a per PERRY	including ng-name out it rem on all propount of the corne.	g interest a d taxpayer. alns unpaid perty and rig	nd penaities Demand for Therefore, phis to prope and addition) have by payment there is a rty belong	een of lien ing		
valillo Or Taxpay	01				_		<u> </u>	
Residence	P D BC GARDNE	X 79 RVILLE	NV 8	9410				
notice of lien is	LEASE INFORMAT refiled by the date tte as a certificate of	iven in col	umn (e), this no	otice shall, on th				
Kind of Tax	Tax Period Ended (b)	ldentify	/Ing Number	Date of Assessment (d)		Day for efiling	Unpaid Balance of Assessment (1)	
1040	12/31/84		300 LAS VEG	EVENUE SERVICEAS BLVD. SO.	in the second	29/92	1663. 65	
lace of Filing Dougla	as County f	Recorde)	ocedures fund den, Neva		Total \$	1663. 65	
	DUN JUN		LAS 86	VEGAS, 1	IEVADA		, on this	
ignature	A KFII		1,,,,,,,	Title	VENUE	OFFICER	137100	

(NOTE: Certificate of officer authorized by law to take acknowledgments is not essential to the validity of Notice of Federal Tax Ilen Rev. Rul. 71-466, 1971 - 2 C.B. 409)

REVENUE OFFICER

786 PAGE 273

Excerpts From Internal Revenue Code

Sec. 6321. Lien For Taxes.

If any person liable to pay any tax neglects or refuses to pay the same after demand, the amount (including any interest, additional amount, addition to tax, or assessable penalty, together with any costs that may accrue in addition thereto) shall be a lien in favor of the United States upon all property and rights to property, whether real or personal, belonging to such person.

Sec. 6322. Period Of Lien.

Unless another date is specifically fixed by law, the lien imposed by section 6321 shall arise at the time the assessment is made and shall continue until the liability for the amount so assessed (or a judgment against the taxpayer arising out of such liability) is satisfied or becomes unenforceable by reason of lapse of time

Sec. 6323. Validity and Priority Against Certain Persons.

- (a) Purchaser's, Holders Of Security Interests. Mechanic's Lienors, And Judgment Lien Creditors. — The lien imposed by section 6321 shall not be valid as against any purchaser, holder of a security interest, mechanic's lienor, or judgment lien creditor until notice thereof which meets the requirements of subsection (I) has been filed by the Secretary
- (b) Protection For Certain Interests Even Though Notice Filed. — Even though notice of a lien imposed by section 6321 has been filed, such lien shall not be

(i) Place For Filing Notice; Form. -

(1) Place For Filing - The notice referred to in subsection (a) shall be filed -

(A) Under State Laws

(i) Real Property - In the case of real property, in one office within the State (or the county, or other governmental subdivision), as designated by the laws of such State, in which the property subject to the lien is situated, and

(ii) Personal Property In the case of personal property, whether tangible or intangible, in one office within the State (or the county, or other governmental subdivision), as designated by the laws of such State, in which the property subject to the lien is situated

(B). With Clerk Of District Court - In the affice of the clerk of the United States district court for the judicial district in which the property subject to lien is situated, whenever the State has not by law designated one office which meets the requirements of subparagraph (A), or

(C) With Recorder Of Deeds Of The District Of Columbia -In the office of the Recorder of Deeds of the District of Columbia, if the property subject to the lien is situated in the District of Columbia

(2) Situs Of Property Subject To Lien. - For purposes of paragraphs (1) and (4), property shall be deemed to be situated (A) Real Property - In the case of real property, at its physical location; or

(B) Personal Property - In the case of personal property. whether tangible or intangible, at the residence of the taxpayer at the time the notice of lien is filed

For purposes of paragraph (2) (B), the residence of a corporation or partnership shall be deemed to be the place at which the principal executive office of the business is located, and the residence of a taxpayer whose residence is without the United States shall be deemed to be in the District of Columbia

(3) Form - The form and content of the notice referred to in subsection (a) shall be prescribed by the Secretary. Such notice shall be valid notwithstanding any other provision of law regarding the form or content of a notice of lien

- (g) Refiling Of Notice For purposes of this section
- (1) General Rule. Unless notice of fien is confed in the manner prescribed in paragraph (2) puring, the required refiling period, such notice of fien shall be treated as filed brishe date on which it is filedlin accordance with subsection (titrafter the expiration of such refiling period VVI 22013V 23

during the required refilling period shall be effective boily

(i) such natice of lien is refiled in the office in which the prior notice of lien was filed, and

(ii) in the case of real property, the fact of refiling is eritered and recorded in an index to the extent required by Subsection (f) (4), and

(B) in any case in which, 90 days or more prior to the date of a refiling of notice of lien under subparagraph (A), the Secretary received written information (in the manner prescribed in regulations issued by the Secretary) concerning a change in the taxpayer's residence, if a notice of such fien is also filed in accordance with subsection (f) in the State in which such residence is located

(B) the one-year period ending with the expiration of 6 years after the close of the preceding required refiling period for such notice of lien Sec. 6325. Release Of Lien Or Discharge Of Property.

(3) Required Refiling Period. - In the case

(A) the one-year period ending 30 days after the expiration

of 6 years after the date of the assessment of the tax, and

of any notice of lien, the term "required retiling period" means-

(a) Release Of Lien. - Subject to such regulations as the Secretary may prescribe, the Secretary shall issue a certificate of release of any lien imposed with respect to any internal revenue tax not later than 30 days after the day on

(1) Liability Satisfied or Unenforceable. - The Secretary finds that the liability for the amount assessed, together with all interest in respect thereof, has been fully satisfied or has

become legally unenforceable; or

(2) Bond Accepted. - There is furnished to the Secretary and accepted by him a bond that is conditioned upon the payment of the amount assessed, together with all interest in respect thereof, within the time prescribed by law (including any extension of such time), and that is in accordance with such requirements relating to terms, conditions, and form of the bond and sureties thereon, as may be specified by such regulations.

Sec. 6103. Confidentiality and Disclosure of Returns and Return Information.

(k) Disclosure of Certain Returns and Return Information For Tax Administration Purposes. -

(2) Disclosure of amount of outstanding lien. - If a notice of lien has been filed pursuant to section 6323(f), the amount of the outstanding obligation secured by such lien may be disclosed to any person who furnishes satisfactory written evidence that he has a right in the property subject to such lien or intends to obtain a right in such property

REQUESTED BY IN OFFICIAL RECORDS OF DOUGLE OF NEVADA

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137100 BOOK 786 PAGE 274 SUZANNE BEAUDILAU (AC) RECORDER

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