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(Rev. March 1984)

### Notice of Federal Tax Lien Under Internal Revenue Laws

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District		Serial Numb	er	For C	Optional Use by Recording Office
As provided b	S VEGAS  py sections 6321	. 6322. and 6323 of the	86007175 17 	nue Code	
assessed aga this liability h in favor of the to this taxpay	as been made, United States of yer for the amount of the transport of transport of the transport of tran		Demand for pa Therefore, the ots to property (	syment of re is a lien helonging	
Traine or Taxpay	7107117				<u> </u>
Residence		0X 1135 R COVE NV 894	48		
E notice of Hen is t	ferried by the date of	ION: With respect to each a liven in column (e), this not f release as defined in IRC	ice shall on the de	alow,unless y following	
Kind of Tax	Tax Period Ended (b)	Identifying Number	Date of Assessment	Last Day for Refiling	Unpaid Balance of Assessment
1040 1040	12/31/81 12/31/82	2041	03/17/86	04/16/92 09/11/91	1212. 41 1601. 84
Place of Filing		300 LAS V	REVENUE SERVICE EGAS BLVD. SO. . NV 89101		
Dougla	s County R	^	ROCEDURES FUNCT	Total \$	2914. 25
his notice was pr	repared and signe	ed at LAS V	'EGAS, NEVA	ADA	, on this
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ignature	J. ATKIN	dii)	Title REVEN	NUE OFFICER	139122 BOOK 886 PAGE1561

#### **Excerpts From Internal Revenue Code**

### Sec. 6321. Lien For Taxes.

If any person liable to pay any tax neglects or refuses to pay the same after demand, the amount (including any interest, additional amount, addition to tax, or assessable penalty, together with any costs that may accrue in additior thereto) satile be a lien in favor of the United States upon all property and rights to property, whether real or personal, belonging to such person.

#### Sec. 6322. Period Of Lien.

Unless another date is specifically fixed by law, the lien imposed by section 6321 shall arise at the time the assessment is made and shall continue until the liability for the amount so assessed (or a judgment against the taxpayer arising out of such liability) is satisfied or becomes unenforceable by reason of lapse of time

# Sec. 6323. Validity and Priority Against Certain Persons.

- (a) Purchaser's, Holders Of Security Interests. Mechanic's Lienors, And Judgment Lien Creditors. The lien imposed by section 6321 shall not be valid as against any purchaser, holder of a security interest, mechanic's lienor, or judgment lien creditor until notice thereof which meets the requirements of subsection (i) has been filed by the Secretary
- (b) Protection For Certain Interests Even Though Notice Filed. Even though notice of a lien imposed by section 6321 has been filed, such lien shall not be valid.

#### in Place For Filing Notice; Form. -

- (1) Place for Filing . The notice referred to in subsection (a) shall be filed .
  - (A) Under State Laws
  - (i) Real Property in the case of real property, in one office within the State (or the county or other governmental subdivision), as designated by the laws of such State, in which the property subject to the lien is situated, and
  - (ii) Personal Property In the case of personal property, whether tangible or intangible, in one office within the State (or the county, or other governmental subdivision), as designated by the laws of such State, in which the property subject to the lien is situated.
- (B) With Clerk Of District Court In the office of the clerk of the United States district court for the judicial district in which the property subject to lien is situated, whenever the State has not by law designated one office which meets the requirements of

subparagraph (A), or

- (C) With Recorder Of Deeds Of The District Of Columbia -in the office of the Recorder of Deeds of the District of Columbia, if the property subject to the lien is situated in the District of Columbia
- (2) Situs Of Property Subject To Lien For purposes, of paragraphs (1) and (4), property shall be deemed to be situated— (A) Real Property - In the case of real property, at its physical location, or
  - (B) Personal Property In the case of personal property, whether tangible or intangible at the residence of the taxpayer at the time the notice of lien is filed

For purposes of paragraph (2) (B), the residence of a corporation or partnership shall be deemed to be the place at which the principal executive office of the business is located, and the residence of a taxpayer whose residence is without the United States shall be deemed to be in the District of Columbia.

(3) Form - The form and content of the notice referred to in subsection (a) shall be prescribed by the Secretary Such notice shall be valid notwithstanding any other provision of law regarding the form or content of a notice of lien.

- (g) Refilling Of Notice. For purposes of this
- (1) General Rule. Unless notice of lien is refiled in the manner prescribed in paragraph (2) during the required refiling period, such notice of lien shall be treated as filed on the date on which it is filed(in accordance with subsection (1)) after the expiration of such refiling period
- (2) Place For Filing. A notice of tien refiled during the required refiling period shall be effective only (A) if
  - (i) such notice of lien is refiled in the office in which the prior notice of lien was filed, and
  - (ii) in the case of real property, the fact of refiling is entered and recorded in an index to the extent required by subsection (f) (4), and

(B) in any case in which, 90 days or more prior to the date of a refiling of notice of lien under subparagraph (A), the Secretary received written information (in the manner prescribed in regulations issued by the Secretary) concerning a change in the taxpayer's residence, if a notice of such lien is also filed in accordance with subsection (f) in the State in which such residence is located.

(3) Required Reilling Period. — In the case of any notice of lien, the term "required refiling period" means-(A) the one-year period ending 30 days after the expiration of 6 years after the date of the assessment of the tax, and (B) the one-year period ending with the expiration of 6 years after the close of the preceding required refiling period for such notice of tien.

## Sec. 6325. Release Of Lien Or Discharge Of Property.

- (a) Release Of Lien. Subject to such regulations as the Secretary may prescribe, the Secretary shall issue a certificate of release of any lien imposed with respect to any internal revenue tax not later than 30 days after the day on which.
- (1) Liability Satisfied or Unenforceable. The Secretary finds that the liability for the amount assessed, together with all interest in respect thereof, has been fully satisfied or has become legally unenforceable, or
- (2) Bond Accepted. There is furnished to the Secretary and accepted by him a bond that is conditioned upon the payment of the amount assessed, together with all interest in respect thereof, within the time prescribed by law (including any extension of such time), and that is in accordance with such requirements relating to terms, conditions, and form of the bond and sureties thereon, as may be specified by such regulations.
- Sec. 6103. Confidentiality and Disclosure of Returns and Return Information.
- (k) Disclosure of Certain Returns and Return Information For Tax Administration Purposes.—
- (2) Disclosure of amount of outstanding lien If a notice of lien has been filed pursuant to section 6223(1), the amount of the outstanding obligation secured by such lien may be disclosed to any person who furnishes satisfactory written evidence that he has a right in the property subject to such lien or intends to obtain a right in such property

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