Department of Treasury - Internal Revenue Service

b

(Hev. December 1905)	Notic	Notice of Federal Tax Lien Under Internal				Revenue Laws		
District Las	Vegas, N	Serial No	umber 8888036	05	For Opti	ional Use by Recording Office		
notice is given assessed again this liability had in favor of the l to this taxpaye interest, and cos	n that taxes st the follow been made, I United States r for the am its that may ac	I, 6322, and 6323 of (Including interest ing-named taxpayer. but it remains unpaid on all property and ount of these taxes crue.	and penalties) h Demand for pa d. Therefore, there rights to property s, and additional	nave been ayment of e is a lien belonging penalties,	on			
GA	O BOX 217 RDNERVILL		th assessment listed h	polow unbes		7		
notice of lien is ref	filed by the date is a certificate of rel	given in column (e), this ease as defined in IRC 632	notice shall, on the	day following				
Kind of Tax	Tax Period Ended (b)	Identifying Number	Date of Assessment (d)	Last Day of Refiling (e)		Unpaid Balance of Assessment (f)		
941 941 941	09/30/86 12/31/86 03/31/87	88-0191029 88-0191029 88-0191029	07/04/88 03/14/88 03/28/88	08/03/94 04/13/94 04/27/94		2042.27 3314.09 5583.68		
Place of Filing	LAS V SPECI COUNTY	RECORDER S COUNTY	A-L Eno	Total	s	10940.04		

8th day of August

Signature

Title

Revenue Officer

184334

Registrar) ᇥ Clerk (or **United States** 5 Š 669(T) (Rev. 12-85 \$

Excerpts From Internal Revenue Code

Sec. 6321. Lien For Taxes.

If any person liable to pay any tax neglects or refuses to pay the same after demand, the amount (including any interest, additional amount, addition to tax, or assessable penalty, together with any costs that may accrue in addition thereto) shall be a lien in favor of the United States upon all property and rights to property, whether real or personal, belonging to such person.

Sec. 6322. Period Of Lien.

Unless another data is specifically fixed by law, the lien imposed by section 6321 shall arise at the time the assessment is made and shall continue until the liability for the amount so assessed (or a judgement against the texpayer arising out of such liability) is satisfied or becomes unenforceable by reason of lapse of time.

Sec. 6323. Validity and Priority Against Certain Persons.

(a) Purchaser's Holders Of Security Interests, Mechanic's Lienors, And Judgement Lign Creditors. - The ilen imposed by section 8321 shall not be valid as against any purchaser, holder of a security interest, mechanic's lienor, or judgement lien creditor until notice thereof which meets the requirements of subsection (f) has been filed by the Secretary.

(I) Place For Filing Notice; Form.-

(1) Place For Filling - The notice referred to in subection (a) shall be filed . (A) Under State Laws

(i) Real Property - In the case of real property, in one office within the State (or the county, or other governmental subdivision), as designated by the laws of such State, in

which the property subject to the ilen is situated; and
(ii) Personal Property in the case of personal
property, whether tangible or intangible, in one office within the State (or the county, or other governmental subdivision), as designated by the laws of such State, In which the property subject to the lien is situated;

(B) With Clerk Of District Court - in the office of the clerk of the United States district court for the judicial district in which the property subject to lien is situated, whenever the State has subparagraph (A), or

(C) With Flecorder Of Deeds Of The District Of Columbia - In the office of the Recorder of Deeds of the District of Columbia. If the property subject to the lien is situated in the District of

(2) Situs Of Property Subject To Lien - For purposes of paragraphs (1) and (4), property shall be deemed to be situated -

(A) Real Property - in the case of real property, at its physical location; or

(B) Personal Property - In the case of personal property, whether tangible or intangible, at the residence of the taxpayer at the time the notice of lien is liked. For purposes of paragraph (2) (8), the residence of a corporation or partnership shall be deemed to be the place at which the principal executive office of the business is located, and the residence of a taxpayer whose residence is without the United States shall be deemed to be in the District of Columbia.

(3) Form - The form and content of the notice referred to in subsection (a) shall be prescribed by the Such notice shall be valid notwithstanding any other provision of law regarding the form or content of a notice of lien.

Note: See section 6323(b) for protection for certain interests even though notice of lien imposed by section 6321 is filed with respect to:

- 1. Securities 2. Motor vehicles
- 3. Personal property purchased at retail
- Personal property purchased in casual sale
- 5. Personal property subjected to possessory lien
- 6. Real property tax and special assessment ilens 7. Residential property subject to a mechanic's lien for certain repairs and improvements
- 8. Attorney's liens
- 9. Certain insurance contracts
- 10. Passbook loans

(g) Refilling Of Notice. - For purchase of this

- (1) General Rule. Unless notice of lien is reflied in the manner prescribed in paragraph (2) during the required ratiling period, such notice of tien shall be treated as filed on the date on which it is filed (in accordance with subsection (i)) after the expiration of such retiling period.
- (2) Place For Filing. A notice of then relied during the required reliting period shall be effective only (A) || -

(i) such notice of iten is relifed in the office in which the prior notice of lien was illed, and
(ii) in the case of real property, the fact of reliling is

entered and recorded in an index to the extent required by subsection (f) (4), and

(B) in any case in which, 90 days or more prior to the date of a refilling of notice of lien under subparagraph (A), the Secretary received written information (in the manner prescribed in regulations issued by the Secretary) concerning a change in the taxpayer's residence, if a notice of such tien is also filled in accordance with subsection (f) in the State in which such residence is located.

(3) Required Refiling Period. - In the case of any notice of lien, the term "required refiling period" means (A) the one-year period ending 30 days after the expiration of 6 years after the date of the assessment of the tax, and (B) the one-year period ending with the expiration of 5 years after the close of the preceding required refiling period for such notice of lien.

Part 1 - Kept By Recording Office

Of Or Sec. 6325. Release Lien **Property** Discharge Of

(a) Release Of Lien. - Subject to such regulations as the Secretary may prescribe, the Secretary shall issue a certificate of release of any lien imposed with respect to any internal revenue tax not later than 30 days after the day on which -

(1) Liability Satisfied or Unenforceable - The Secretary finds that the liability for the amount assessed, together with all interest in respect thereof, has been fully satisfied or has

become legally unenforceable; or

(2) Bond Accepted - There is furnished to the Secretary and accepted by him a bond that is conditioned upon the paymer the amount assessed, together with all interest in thereof, within the time prescribed by law (inci-extension of such time), and that is in accordance requirements relating to terms, conditions, and form ex and sureties thereon, as may be specified by such requistions

Sec. 6103. Confidentiality and Disclosure of Returns and Return Information.

(k) Disclosure of Certain Returns and Return information For Tax Administration Purposes. -

(2) Disclosure of amount of outstanding lien. - If a notice of lien has been filed pursuant to section 6323(f), the amount of the outstanding obligation secured by such lien may be disclosed to any person who lurnishes satisfactory written evidence that he has right in the property subject to such lien or intends to obtain a right in such property.

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