Form 668(Y)

Department of Treasury - Internal Revenue Service

Notice of Federal Tax Lien Under Interna					l Revenue Laws
District La	as Vegas, N	V Serial Nun	nber 8889056	506	For Optional Use by Recording Office
notice is giv assessed aga this liability ha in favor of the to this taxpa	en that taxes alnst the follow ad been made, le be United States	I, 6322, and 6323 of the control of the control of the control of these taxes, crue.	nd penalties) Demand for p Therefore, theights to property	have been payment of re is a lien belonging	
lame of Taxpay	verRON R BRY	ANT			_ \ \
notice of lien is such date, operate Kind of Tax (a)	Tax Period Ended (b)	ION: With respect to each given in column (e), this rease as defined in IRC 6325(Identifying Number (c)	Date of Assessment	Last Day of Refiling	Unpaid Balance of Assessment
6672 :	03/31/89	-7710	08/09/89	09/08/95	18881.46
					RETURN TO: RETURN TO:

Place of Filing

COUNTY RECORDER

DOUGLAS COUNTY

MINDEN, NV 89423

Place of Filing

NV RECORDER

DOUGLAS COUNTY

MINDEN, NV 89423

This notice was prepared and signed atLas Vegas;	NV , on this
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the 28th day of August , 19 89

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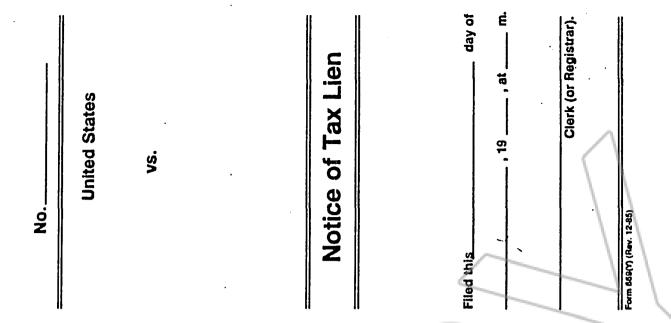
Signature

For RON, SMETH 1143

Title

Chief SPf 600K 989PAGE 495

88-01-1143



Excerpts From Internal Revenue Code

Sec. 6321, Lien For Taxes.

If any person liable to pay any tax neglects or refuses to pay the same after demand, the amount (including any interest, additional amount, addition to tax, or essessable penalty, together with any costs that may accrue in addition thereto) shall be a lien in favor of the United States upon all property and rights to property, whether real or personal, belonging to such person.

Sec. 6322. Period Of Lien.

Unless another data is specifically fixed by law, the ilenimposed by section 6321 shall arise at the time the assessment is made and shall continue until the liability for the amount so assessed (or a judgement against the taxpayer arising out of such flability) is satisfied or becomes unenforceable by reason of lapse of time.

Sec. 6323. Validity and Priority Against Certain Persons.

(a) Purchaser's Holders Of Security Interests, Mechanic's Lienors, And Judgement Lien Creditors. - The lien Imposed by section 6321 shall not be valid as against any purchaser, holder of a security interest, mechanic's lienor, or judgement lien creditor until notice thereof which meets the requirements of subsection (f) has been filed by the Secretary.

(I) Place For Filling Notice; Form.-

(1) Place For Filing - The notice referred to in subsection (a) shall be filed -(A) Under State Laws

(i) Real Property - In the case of real property, in one office within the State (or the county, or other governmental subdivision), as designated by the laws of such State, in which the property subject to the lien is situated; and

(ii) Personal Property - In the case of personal property, whether tangible or intangible, in one office within the State (or the county, or other governmental subdivision), as designated by the laws of such State, in which the property subject to the lien is situated;

(B) With Clark Of District Court - in the office of the clark of the United States district court for the judicial district in which the property subject to lien is situated, whenever the State has subparagraph (A), or

(C) With Recorder Of Deeds Of The District Of Columbia - In the office of the Recorder of Deeds of the District of Columbia, if the property subject to the lien is situated in the District of

(2) Situs Of Property Subject To Lien - For purposes of paragraphs (1) and (4), property shall be deemed to be situated -

(A) Real Property - In the case of real property, at its physical location; or

(B) Personal Property - in the case of personal property, whether tangible or intangible, at the residence of the taxpayer at the time the notice of lien is filed.

For purposes of paragraph (2) (B), the residence of a corporation or partnership shall be deemed to be the place at which the principal executive office of the business is located, and the residence of a taxpayer whose residence is without the United States shall be deemed to be in the District of Columbia.

(3) Form - The form and content of the notice referred to in subsection (a) shall be prescribed by the Secretary. Such notice shall be valid notwithstanding any other provision of law regarding the form or content of a notice of lien.

Note: See section 6323(b) for protection for certain interests even though notice of lien imposed by section 6321 is filed with respect to:

- 2. Mator vehicles
- 3. Personal property purchased at retail
- Personal property purchased in casual sale
- Personal property subjected to possessory lien
- 6. Real property tax and special assessment liens 7. Residential property subject to a mechanic's
- lien for certain repairs and improvements
- 8. Attorney's liens
- 9. Certain insurance contracts
- 10. Passbook loans
- (g) Refiling Of Notice. For purchase of this
- (1) General Rule. Unless notice of tien is reflied in the manner prescribed in paragraph (2) during the required refilling period, such notice of tien shall be treated as filled on the date on which it is filed (in accordance with subsection (i)) after the expiration of such rallling period.
- (2) Place For Filing. A notice of tien relited during the required railling period shall be effective only -(A) II -

(i) such notice of lien is reliled in the office in which the prior notice of Hen was filed, and

(ii) in the case of real property, the fact of reliling is entered and recorded in an index to the extent required by subsection (f) (4), and

(B) in any case in which, 90 days or more prior to the date of a reliling of notice of lien under subparagraph (A), the Secratary received written information (in the manner prescribed in regulations issued by the Secretary) concerning a change in the taxpayer's residence, if a notice of such lien is also illed in accordance with subsection (i) in the State in which such residence is located.

(3) Required Refiling Period. - In the case of any notice of lien, the term "required refilling period" means-(A) the one-year period ending 30 days after the expiration of 6 years after the date of the assessment of the tax, and (B) the one-year period ending with the expiration of 6 years after the close of the preceding required ratiling period for such notice of ilen.

Part 1 - Kept By Recording Office

Sec. 6325. Release Of Lien Discharge Of **Property**

(a) Release Of Lien. - Subject to such regulations as the Secretary may prescribe, the Secretary shell issue a certificate of release of any lien imposed with respect to any internal revenue tax not later than 30 days after the day on

(1) Liability Satisfied or Unenforceable - The Secretary finds that the liability for the amount assessed, together with all interest in respect thereof, has been fully satisfied or has

become legally unenforceable; or

(2) Bond Accepted - There is furnished to the Secretary and accepted by him a bond that is conditioned upon the payment of the amount assessed, together with all interest in respect thereof, within the time prescribed by law (including any extension of such time), and that is in accordance with such requirements relating to terms, conditions, and form of the bond and sureties thereon, as may be specified by such regulations.

Sec. 6103. Confidentiality and Disclosure of Returns and Return Information.

(k) Disclosure of Certain Returns and Return Information For Tax Administration Purposes. -

(2) Disclosure of amount of outstanding lien. - if a notice of lien has been illed pursuant to section 6323(f), the amount of the outstanding obligation secured by such lien may be disclosed to any person who furnishes satisfactory written evidence that he has right in the property subject to such lien or intends to obtain a right in such property.

> REQUESTED BY IN OFFICIAL RECORDS OF DOUGLAS CO., NEVADA

SEP -6 P1:02

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