Form 668(Y)

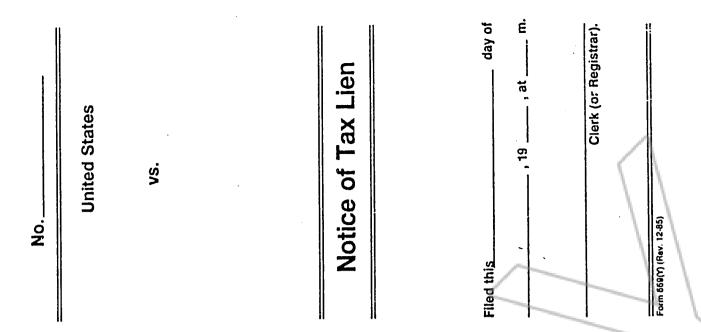
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Department of Treasury - Internal Revenue Service

(Rev. December 1985)

Notice of Federal Tax Lien Under Internal Revenue Laws

District La	ıs Vegas, N	Serial Number	8890064	99	For Optional	Use by Recording Office
notice is give assessed again this liability had in favor of the to this taxpay	en that taxes inst the follow of been made, le United States per for the amosts that may ac		penalties) hemand for pater terefore, theres to property	ave been ayment of e is a lien belonging		
rano or raxpayo	o, ohine e	HOPIL				7
	OX 10783 RUCKEE, CA	95737				
notice of lien is a	refiled by the date	ION: With respect to each ass given in column (e), this notice ease as defined in IRC 6325(a).	essment listed to shall, on the	pelow, unless day following		
Kind of Tax	Tax Period Ended (b)	Identifying Number	Date of Assessment	Last Day of Refiling (e)		paid Balance Assessment (f)
1040 1040	4750 V LAS V COLLE	4735 06	0N-LIENS	12/28/94 07/29/93	s	318.35 541.71 860.06
\ \ \ 	MINDEN	and the second s				
This notice was put the <u>llth</u> day		//	s, NV			, on this,
Signature for	RON SMUTH	0000	Title		ef SPf 01-0000	235 1 55
(NOTE: Cert	ificate of officer author-466, 1971 - 2 C.B.	orized by law to take acknowledge 409)	ments is not esse	ntial to the validity o	of Notice of Fe	deral Tax Lien 7 668(Y) (Rev. 12-85)



Excerpts From Internal Revenue Code

Sec. 6321. Lien For Taxes.

Il any person liable to pay any tax neglects or refuses to pay the same after demand, the amount (including any interest, additional amount, addition to fax, or assessable penalty, together with any costs that may accrue in addition thereto) shall be a lien in favor of the United States upon all property and rights to property, whether real or personal, belonging to such person.

Sec. 6322. Period Of Lien.

Unless another date is specifically fixed by law, the fien imposed by section 6321 shall arise at the time the assessment is made and shall continue until the liability for the amount so assessed (or a judgement against the taxpayer arising out of such flability) is satisfied or becomes unenforceable by reason of lapse of time.

Sec. 6323. Validity and Priority Against Certain Persons.

(a) Purchaser's Holders Of Security Interests, Mechanic's Lienors, And Judgement Lion Creditors. - The lien Imposed by section 6321 shall not be valid as against any purchaser, holder of a security interest, mechanic's lienor, or judgement lien creditor until natice thereof which meets the requirements of subsection (I) has been filed by the Secretary.

(I) Place For Filling Notice; Form.-

(1) Place For Filling - The notice referred to in subsection (a) shall be illed - (A) Under State Laws

(i) Real Property - In the case of real property, in one office within the State (or the county, or other governmental subdivision), as designated by the laws of such State, in

which the property subject to the lien is situated; and
(ii) Personal Property In the case of personal property, whether tangible or intangible, in one office within the State (or the county, or other governmental subdivision), as designated by the laws of such State, which the property subject to the lien is situated;

(B) With Clerk Of District Court - In the office of the clerk of the United States district court for the Judicial district in which the property subject to lien is situated, whenever the State has

subparagraph (A), or (C) With Recorder Of Deeds Of The District Of Columbia - I the office of the Recorder of Deeds of the District of Columbia, if the property subject to the lien is situated in the District of

(2) Situs Of Property Subject To Lien - For purposes of paragraphs (1) and (4), property shall be deemed to be

(A) Real Property - In the case of real property, at its physical location; or

(B) Personal Property. In the case of personal property, whether tangible or intangible, at the residence of the taxpayer at the time the notice of ilen is filed.

For purposes of paragraph (2) (B), the residence of a corporation or partnership shall be deemed to be the place at which the principal executive office of the business is located, and the residence of a taxpayer whose residence is without the United

(3) Form - The form and content of the notice referred to in subsection (a) shall be prescribed by the Secretary Such notice shall be valid notwithstanding any other provision of law regarding the form or content of a notice of lien.

Note: See section 6323(b) for protection for certain interests even though notice of lien imposed by section 6321 is filed with respect to:

- 1. Securities
- 2. Motor vehicles
- 3. Personal property purchased at retall
- 4. Personal property purchased in casual sale
- 5. Personal property subjected to possessory ilen
- 6. Real property tax and special assessment liens
 7. Residential property subject to a mechanic's lien for certain repairs and improvements
- 8. Attorney's liens
- 9. Certain insurance contracts
- 10. Passbook loans
- (g) Refiling Of Notice. For purchase of this section •
- (1) General Rule. Unless notice of then is refilled in the manner prescribed in paragraph (2) during the required refilling period, such notice of tien shall be treated as filed on the which it is liled (in accordance with subsection (i)) after the expiration of such reliling period.
- (2) Place For Filling. A notice of tien refiled during the required refilling period shall be effective only -(A) IL-

(i) such notice of lien is refiled in the office in which the

prior notice of lien was filed, and
(ii) in the case of real property, the fact of refilling is entered and recorded in an index to the extent required by subsection (1) (4), and

- (B) in any case in which, 90 days or more prior to the date of a reliling of notice of flen under subparagraph (A), the Secretary received written information (in the manner prescribed in regulations issued by the Secretary concerning a change in the taxpayer's residence. If a notice of such tien is also filed in accordance with subsection (f) in the State in which such residence is located.
- (3) Required Refiling Period. In the case of any notice of lien, the term "required reliling period" means -(A) the one-year period ending 30 days after the expiration of 6 years after the date of the assessment of the tax, and (B) the one-year period ending with the expiration of 6 years after the close of the preceding required rafiling period for such notice of lien.

Part 1 - Kept By Recording Office

Sec. 6325. Release Or Of Lien Discharge Of Property

- Subject to such (a) Release Of Lien. regulations as the Secretary may prescribe, the Secretary shall Issue a certificate of release of any flen imposed with respect to any internal revenue tax not later than 30 days after the day on

(1) Liability Satisfied or Unenforceable - The Secretary finds that the liability for the amount assessed, together with all interest in respect thereof, has been fully satisfied or has

become legally unenforceable, or

(2) Bond Accepted - There is furnished to the Secretary and accepted by him a bond that is conditioned upon the payment of the amount assessed, together with all interest in respect thereof, within the time prescribed by law (including any extension of such time), and that is in accordance with such requirements relating to terms, conditions, and form of the bond and sureties thereon, as may be specified by such regulations.

Sec. 6103. Confidentiality and Disclosure of Returns and Return Information.

(k) Disclosure of Certain Returns and Return Information For Tax Administration Purposes. -

(2) Disclosure of amount of outstanding lien. - if a notice of tien has been filed pursuant to section 6323(f), the amount of the outstanding obligation secured by such lien may be disclosed to any person who lurnishes satisfactory written evidence that he has right in the property subject to such lien or intends to obtain a right in such property.

REQUESTED BY ⊿. IN OFFICIAL RECORDS OF DOUGLAS CO., NEVADA

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