DOUGLAS COUNTY, NV

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Title of Document (required)(Only use if applicable)		
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Affidavit of Death – NRS 440.380(1)(A) & NRS 40.525(5)		
Judgment – NRS 17.150(4)		
Military Discharge – NRS 419.020(2)		
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	Maxwell B. Glasson, Esq.	
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1. Plaintiff owns a home in the Castle Rock Subdivision. She and defendants dispute the amount of charges that may or may not be owed to defendants of Homeowner Association charges.

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2. In the course of attempting to resolve this dispute, plaintiff personally contacted agents of the defendants and/or defendants' agents personally contacted the plaintiff.

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- 3. During the course of these conversations, defendants' agent advised plaintiff to the effect that "You lost your house" and "If you cannot afford to pay us, your house will belong to us".
- 4. Plaintiff asserts that defendant's agent's inappropriate advice was harassing and bullying and caused her to suffer general damages of 2,500.00.
- 5. The named defendants are not debt-collection agencies.

CONCLUSIONS OF LAW

- 1. The Court must examine the credibility of the witnesses from the manner of their testimony, the relationship between the parties and witnesses, his or her fears, motives, interests or feelings, his or her opportunity to have observed the matters to which he or she has testified, the reasonableness of his or her statements and the strength or weakness of his or her recollections.
- 2. If the Court believes that a witness or party has been untruthful or exaggerated his or a material fact in the case, the Court may disregard the entire testimony of that witness or any portion of his or her testimony, which is not provided by other witnesses.
- 3. Plaintiff has the burden of proving damages to a preponderance of the evidence. Defendant has the burden of providing evidence to overcome any legal presumption.
- 4. The named defendants are not debt collection agencies or are otherwise exempt from the provisions of NRS Chapter 649.

- 5. Defendants filed a motion to dismiss for lack of subject matter jurisdiction, claiming that plaintiff's action is barred by the provisions of NRS 30.310, et seq. Defendant's motion was denied as being untimely and for the reason that plaintiff's small claims action does <u>not</u> involve the interpretation, application or enforcement of any covenants, conditions or restrictions applicable to residential property or any bylaws, rules or regulations adopted by an association or the procedures used for increasing, decreasing or imposing additional assessments upon residential property. This case involves defendants' agents' alleged intentional infliction of emotional distress to plaintiff by lying, intimidating, harassing and bullying over the telephone.
- 6. In Nevada, it is presumed that a person intends the ordinary consequences of that person's voluntary acts. NRS 47.250(2).
- 7. It is foreseeable that by falsely and fraudulently representing to plaintiff that she has lost her home, plaintiff could suffer emotional distress.
- 8. To establish intentional infliction of emotional distress, plaintiff must establish that she was subjected to extreme and outrageous conduct with either (1) the intention of, or reckless disregard for, causing emotional distress, or (2) the

¹ RJCR 9.

plaintiff's having suffered severe or extreme emotional distress. Plaintiff must also prove actual or proximate causation. Star v. Rabello, 97 Nev. 124 (1981).

- 9. Plaintiff has established her case to a preponderance of the evidence.
- 10. Plaintiff has been generally damaged by defendants in the amount of \$1,000.00.

JUDGMENT

NOW, THEREFORE, judgment shall be entered in favor of the plaintiff for \$1,000.00, plus costs.

Dated this 23 day of NOWMORV 2016.

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RICHARD GLASSON Judge Tahoe Justice Court